



ColorCORE® TM30 Report

This report details the results of tests conducted on LUMINO ColorCORE® products according to colour rendering test method TM30.

INTRODUCING TM30

The Technical Memorandum TM30 (TM-30-18) is a method of evaluating light source colour rendition published by the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (IES).

The CIE 1995 method for measuring CRI Ra relies on just 8 colour samples to measure colour fidelity using the commonly used Ra metric. TM30 greatly improves on this method by using 99 new colour evaluation samples (CES) to measure colour fidelity using the new Rf metric with an additional Rg metric for gamut area.

TM30 describes a method for evaluating light source colour rendition, quantifying the fidelity (closeness to a reference) through a Fidelity Index (Rf) and gamut (increase or decrease in chroma) through a Gamut Index (Rg) of a light source. TM30 also generates a colour vector graphic that indicates average hue and chroma shifts, which helps with interpreting the values of Rf and Rg.

BOOK YOUR LUMINO TM30 WORKSHOP

Being the first company in the UK to test its full product range according to the TM30 method, LUMINO has developed an interactive workshop dedicated to explaining the basics of TM30 and also demonstrate its practical advantages over the CIE 1995 CRI index.

LUMINO TM30 WORKSHOPS are aimed at giving lighting professionals an understanding of the key principles and how to apply them. The workshop includes a presentation on the essence of TM30, followed by an interactive session using light sources including ColorCORE®.

To book a TM30 WORKSHOP for your team, email info@lumino.lighting

CCT	VECTOR CRI	TM30			
°K	Ra	R_{f}	R_{g}		
4000	95	92	100		
3500	95	92	100		
3000	95	92	100		
2700	93	92	100		
2500	84	82	100		
2200	84	82	100		



LUMINO ColorCORE® LED technology delivers warm whites in our highest ever colour rendering. Offering optimal quality of light, scoring highly for both CRI and TM30 from 4000K to 2200K.



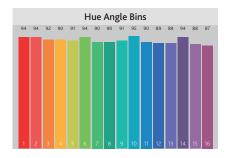
Test data used in this report is based on data produced by independent UKAS accredited photometric laboratory LUX-TSI using calibrated goniometers and spectrometers.

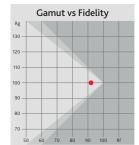
Additional testing conducted using calibrated VISO LIGHTSPION test equipment.

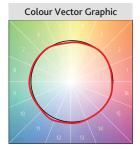
Vector data does not include OPTIC profiles. Performance data of production products can vary from the test data shown in this report due to factors such as, but not limited to temperature, batch, CCT, power and manufacturing tolerances.

Comparing High and Low CRI







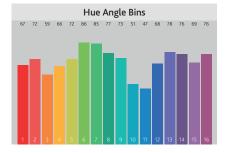


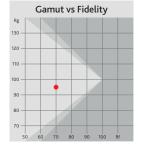
HIGH CRI

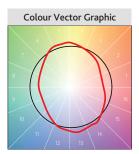
The ColorCORE 4000K example above shows the CRI metric as 95Ra out of a possible 100Ra based upon eight R1-R8 colour reference samples. The TM30 metric shows the colour Fidelity (closeness to reference) as 92Rf based upon ninety-nine colour samples (shown on page 6) and the colour Gamut (saturation) as 100Rg. These two figures are plotted on to Gamut vs Fidelity chart above.

The sixteen Hue Angle Bins are indicated in the bar chart above showing all sixteen hue bins are rendered well with values typically above 87 for all Hue Bins and particularly high values for Hue Bins 1 (Red) 94, 6 (Green) 94, 10 (Blue) 95 and 14 (Violet) 94. These values are also plotted as a Colour Vector Graphic in comparison to the reference source for quick visual reference.









LOW CRI

The LOW Colour Rendering example above shows the CRI metric as 74Ra out of a possible 100Ra based upon eight R1-R8 colour reference samples. The TM30 metric shows the colour Fidelity (closeness to reference) as 69Rf based upon ninety-nine colour samples (shown on page 6) and the colour Gamut (saturation) as 95Rg. These two figures are plotted on to Gamut vs Fidelity chart above.

The sixteen Hue Angle Bins are indicated in the bar chart above showing all sixteen hue bins are rendered poorly with values as low as 47 for Hue Bin 11 (Blue) and 67 for Hue Bin 1 (Red). These values are also plotted as a Colour Vector Graphic in comparison to the reference source for quick visual reference.

Vector Linear Profiles

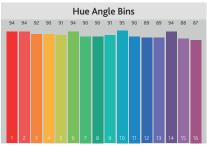


2-Step SDCM 95Ra CRI 92Rf Fidelity 100Rg Gamut

ColorCORE*

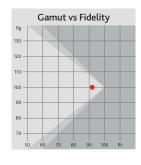
3500K

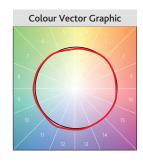
2-Step SDCM 95Ra CRI 92Rf Fidelity 100Rg Gamut

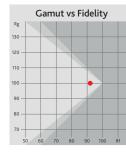


Hue Angle Bins

92 95 94 94 92 96 92 93 94 92 90 88 90 87 87 87

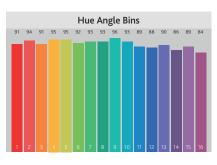


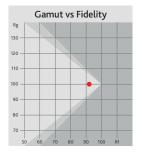








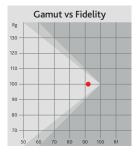


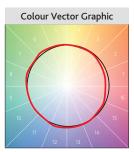




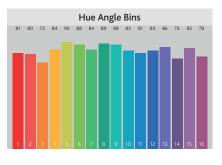


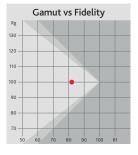


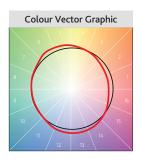




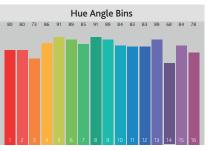


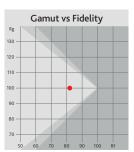


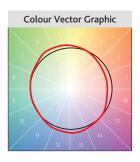










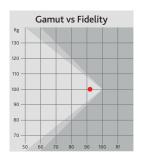


Steorra E50 Downlights



2-Step SDCM 95Ra CRI 92Rf Fidelity 100Rg Gamut

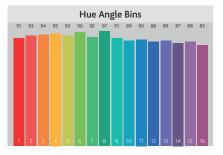


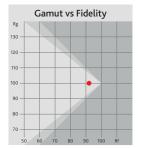






2-Step SDCM 95Ra CRI 92Rf Fidelity 100Rg Gamut



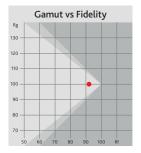


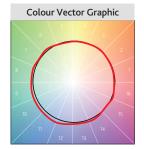




2-Step SDCM 95Ra CRI 92Rf Fidelity 100Rg Gamut



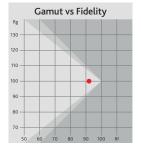






2-Step SDCM 95Ra CRI 92Rf Fidelity 100Rg Gamut

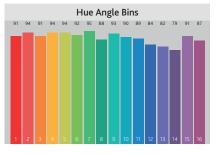


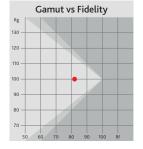


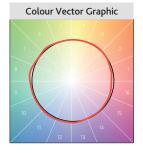




2-Step SDCM 90Ra CRI 82Rf Fidelity 100Rg Gamut

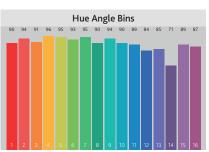


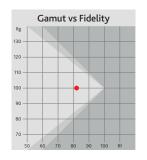


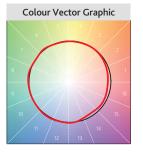


ColorCORE*

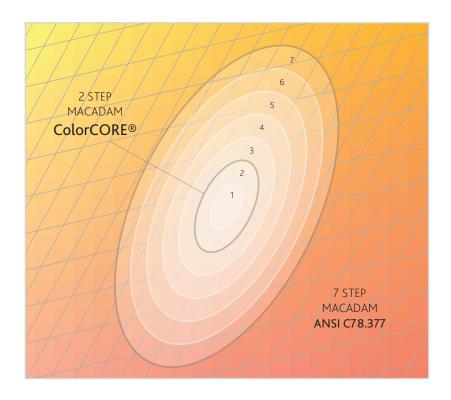
2-Step SDCM 90Ra CRI 82Rf Fidelity 100Rg Gamut







2-Step CCT Binning





ColorCORE® products are manufactured to precise colour binning specifications within a maximum 2-STEP MacAdam Ellipse area.

The ANSI C78.377 chromaticity standard defines a 7-STEP MacAdam Ellipse area. ColorCORE® binning is to 1/36th of this area.

2-STEP SDCM (Standard Deviation Colour Matching) gives you the colour matching confidence you need for your project.



Devised by Dr. David MacAdam in 1942, a MacAdam ellipse is the region on a chromaticity diagram which contains all colours indistinguishable to the average human eye from the colour at the centre of the ellipse.

The contour of the ellipse represents the just-noticeable differences of chromaticity.

Standard Deviation Colour Matching in LED lighting uses deviations relative to MacAdam ellipses to describe colour precision of a light source.



TM30-15 Colour Reference Samples

CES 1 Type C	CES 2 Type C	CES 3 Type A	CES 4 Type A	CES 5 Type D	CES 6 Type C	CES 7 Type E	CES 8 Type D	CES 9 Type F
CES 10 Type G	CES 11 Type C	CES 12 Type A	CES 13 Type F	CES 14 Type E	CES 15 Type B	CES 16 Type C	CES 17 Type C	CES 18 Type B
CES 19	CES 20	CES 21	CES 22		CES 24	CES 25	CES 26	CES 27
Type E	Type F	Type D	Type D		Type E	Type A	Type C	Type A
CES 28	CES 29	CES 30	CES 31	CES 32		CES 34	CES 35	CES 36
Type G	Type C	Type A	Type D	Type C		Type G	Type G	Type A
CES 37 Type A	CES 38 Type A	CES 39 Type F	CES 40 Type F		CES 42 Type F	CES 43 Type C	CES 44 Type F	CES 45 Type G
CES 46	CES 47	CES 48 Type D	CES 49	CES 50	CES 51	CES 52	CES 53	CES 54
Type E	Type C		Type D	Type F	Type F	Type F	Type E	Type F
CES 55	CES 56	CES 57	CES 58	CES 59		CES 61	CES 62	CES 63
Type G	Type G	Type C	Type D	Type E		Type F	Type C	Type F
CES 64	CES 65	CES 66	CES 67	CES 68	CES 69	CES 70	CES 71	CES 72
Type E	Type F	Type E	Type E	Type F	Type F	Type F	Type F	Type F
CES 73	CES 74	CES 75	CES 76	CES 77	CES 78 Type F	CES 79	CES 80	CES 81
Type F	Type C	Type F	Type F	Type A		Type C	Type G	Type A
	CES 83	CES 84	CES 85	CES 86	CES 87	CES 88	CES 89	CES 90
	Type C	Type F	Type A	Type C	Type F	Type F	Type A	Type E
CES 91	CES 92	CES 93	CES 94	CES 95	CES 96	CES 97	CES 98 Type A	CES 99
Type A	Type A	Type D	Type C	Type A	Type A	Type F		Type E

A Nature

B Skin

C Textiles

D Paints

E Plastics

F Printed Materials

G Colour Systems

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Performance data of production models can vary from the test data shown in this report due to factors such as, but not limited to temperature, batch, CCT, power and manufacturing tolerances. The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Check with Lumino for latest specifications. E&OE.

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